## **CLAIMS**

	1. A method for correcting transmit power of a radio device
2	having a plurality of predetermined calibration values and a reference
	voltage signal, the radio device transmitting and receiving on a plurality
4	of frequencies, each frequency having a frequency index, the method
	comprising the steps of:
6	receiving a first signal having a first gain, a first frequency of the
	plurality of frequencies, and the first frequency's associated frequency
8	index;
	determining a receive power value of the first signal;
10	generating an automatic gain control setpoint in response to the
	receive power value and the reference voltage signal;
12	selecting a first predetermined calibration value in response to the
	automatic gain control setpoint and the first frequency index;
14	adjusting the first gain in response to the first calibration value;
	transmitting a second signal having a second gain and a second
16	frequency of the plurality of frequencies, the second frequency having a
	second frequency index;
18	determining a transmit power value of the second signal;
	generating a second calibration value in response to the automatic
20	gain control setpoint, the second frequency index, and the transmit power
~	value; and
22	adjusting the second gain in response to the second calibration
	value.
	varue.
	2. The method of claim 1 and further including the steps of
2	digitizing the receive power value before generating the automatic gain
_	control setpoint and converting the first predetermined calibration value
4	to an analog value before adjusting the first gain.
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	3. A radio having a transmit power calibration capability, the
2	radio transmitting and receiving signals having a plurality of
_	frequencies, each frequency having a frequency index, the radio
4	transmitting signals through a variable gain, transmit amplifier having
•	a control input and receiving signals through a variable gain, receive
6	amplifier having a control input, the radio comprising:
٠/	a power detector, coupled to the receive amplifier, for generating a
/	a power dececor, coupled to the receive amplituer, for generating a

first power value from a received signal having a first frequency;

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an integrator, coupled to the power detector, for generating an 10 automatic gain control setpoint from the power value;

a receive linearizer, coupled to the integrator and the receive amplifier, for generating a receive calibration value in response to the automatic gain control setpoint and a first frequency index corresponding to the frequency of the received signal, the receive calibration value being 14 coupled to the receive amplifier control input and adjusting the gain of the receive amplifier;

a second power detector, coupled to the transmit amplifier, for generating a second power value from a transmitted signal having a second frequency; and

a transmit linearizer for generating a transmit calibration value in 20 response to the automatic gain control setpoint, the second power value, and a frequency index corresponding to the second frequency, the 22 transmit calibration value being coupled to the control input of the transmit amplifier and adjusting the gain of the transmit amplifier. 24

- A radio having a transmit power calibration capability, the radio transmitting and receiving signals having a plurality of frequencies, each frequency having a frequency index, the radio transmitting a signal, having a first frequency, through a variable gain transmit amplifier having a control input and receiving a signal, having a second frequency, through a variable gain receive amplifier having a control input, the radio comprising:
  - a first analog to digital converter, coupled to the receive amplifier, for generating a digital signal from the received signal;
  - a power detector, coupled to the first analog to digital converter, for generating a power value from the digital signal;
- 12 an integrator, coupled to the power detector, for generating an automatic gain control setpoint from the power value;
- a receive linearizer, coupled to the integrator, for generating a 14 receive calibration value in response to the automatic gain control point 16 and a first frequency index corresponding to the second frequency;
  - a first digital to analog converter, coupled to the receive linearizer, for/generating an analog, receive calibration value from the receive calibration value, the analog calibration value coupled to the receive amplifier control input and varying the gain of the receive amplifier;
  - a second power detector, coupled to the transmit amplifier, for generating an analog power value from the transmitted signal;

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a second analog to digital converter, coupled to the second power 24 detector, for generating a digital power value from the analog power value;

a transmit linearizer, coupled to the integrator, for generating a transmit calibration value in response to the automatic gain control setpoint, the digital power value, and the frequency index corresponding to the first frequency; and

a second digital to analog converter, coupled to the second control input, for generating an analog, transmit calibration value from the transmit calibration value, the analog, transmit calibration value adjusting the gain of the transmit amplifier.

5. A method for limiting transmit power of a radio operating in a radio communications system, the radio communications environment comprising a at least one base station that transmits signals to the radio including power control commands, the radio comprising a variable gain amplifier and a maximum gain setting, the method comprising the steps of:

determining an open loop power control value in response to a signal received from the at least one base station;

determining a gain adjust signal in response to the transmit power control commands;

combining the open loop power control value and the gain adjust 12 signal to produce a summation signal;

comparing the maximum gain setting to the summation signal;

if the summation signal is greater than or equal to the maximum gain setting, adjusting the variable gain amplifier in response to the maximum gain setting; and

if the summation signal is less than the maximum gain setting, adjusting the variable gain amplifier in response to the summation signal.

6. The method of claim 5 and further including the step of adjusting the maximum gain setting in response to a temperature of the variable gain amplifier.

7. The method of claim 6 wherein the step of adjusting the 2 maximum gain setting further includes the steps of:

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transmitting a signal with the variable gain amplifier; detecting a power value of the transmitted signal; scaling the power value to produce a scaled power signal;

subtracting the maximum gain setting from the scaled power signal to produce a difference signal; and

adding the difference signal to the maximum gain setting.

8. A method for limiting transmit power of a radio operating in a cellular environment, the cellular environment comprising a plurality of cells that transmit power control commands to the radio, the radio comprising a variable gain amplifier and a maximum gain setting, the method comprising the steps of:

determining an open loop power control value in response to a signal received from at least one cell;

8 determining a gain adjust signal in response to the transmit power control commands;

combining the open loop power control value and the gain adjust signal to produce a summation signal;

adjusting the maximum gain setting in response to a temperature of the variable gain amplifier;

comparing the adjusted maximum gain setting to the summation signal;

if the summation signal is greater than or equal to the maximum gain setting, prohibiting the gain adjust signal from changing in response to the transmit power commands;

if the summation signal is greater than or equal to the maximum 20 gain setting, adjusting the variable gain amplifier in response to the maximum gain setting; and

22 if the summation signal is less than the maximum gain setting, adjusting the variable gain amplifier in response to the summation 24 signal.

9. A method for limiting transmit power of a radio operating in 2 a cellular environment, the cellular environment comprising a plurality of cells that transmit power control commands to the radio, the radio 4 comprising a variable gain amplifier, a maximum gain setting, and a power limiting accumulator, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting a signal with the variable gain amplifier;

determining a gain adjust signal in response to the transmit power control commands; detecting a power value of the transmitted signal; 10 digitizing the power value; comparing the digitized power value to the maximum gain setting; if the digitized power value is greater than the maximum gain 12 setting, decreasing the gain of the variable gain amplifier; and if the digitized power value is greater than the maximum gain 14 setting, prohibiting the gain adjust signal from changing in response to 16 the transmit power commands. **10**. A method for limiting transmit power of a radio operating in a cellular environment, the cellular environment comprising a plurality of cells that transmit power control commands to the radio, the radio comprising a variable gain amplifier, a maximum gain setting, and a power control command accumulator that generates a gain adjust signal, the method comprising the steps of: transmitting a signal with the variable gain amplifier; 8 determining a gain adjust signal in response to the transmit power control commands; 10 detecting a power value of the transmitted signal: digitizing the power value; 12 comparing the digitized power value to the maximum gain setting; if the digitized power value is greater than the maximum gain 14 setting, decreasing the gain adjust signal by a predetermined amount for every predetermined unit of time until the gain adjust signal is less than the maximum gain setting; and 16 if the digitized power value is less than or equal to the maximum gain setting, varying the gain of the variable gain amplifier in response to 18 the gain adjust signal.

11. A method for limiting transmit power of a radio operating in a cellular environment, the cellular environment comprising a plurality of cells that transmit power control commands to the radio, the radio comprising a variable gain amplifier, a maximum gain setting, and a power limiting accumulator, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting a signal with the variable gain amplifier;

determining a gain adjust signal in response to the transmit power control commands;

detecting a power value of the transmitted signal;

10 digitizing the power value;

determining a difference between the digitized power value and the 12 maximum gain setting;

integrating the difference to generate a gain control signal, the gain to control signal being limited to a predetermined range;

adjusting the variable gain amplifier with the gain control signal;

if the gain control signal is less than a predetermined value, prohibiting the gain adjust signal from changing the variable gain amplifier in response to the transmit power commands.

12. A method for limiting transmit power of a radio operating in a cellular environment, the cellular environment comprising a plurality of cells that transmit power control commands to the radio, the radio comprising a variable gain amplifier and a power limiting accumulator, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a signal from at least one of the plurality of cells; determining a power value of the signal;

determining a closed loop power control value in response to the signal;

generating a limiting gain control setting in response to the closed loop power control value and the power value, the limiting gain control signal being within a predetermined range;

combining the closed loop power control value and the power value and the limiting gain control setting to generate a gain control setting; and

adjusting the variable gain amplifier in response to the gain control setting.

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